# SAFETY DATA SHEET



## 1. Identification of the material and supplier

| Product name: AIR WICK, Pure Aerosol Trigger - Fresh BerriesSDS #: D8287469 v5.0LFormulation #: 8277341 v3.0Supplier: AUSTRALIA<br>RB (Hygiene Home) Australia Pty Ltd<br>ADN: 58 620 540 506 |
|---|
| Formulation #       : 8277341 v3.0         Supplier       : AUSTRALIA<br>RB (Hygiene Home) Australia Pty Ltd  |
| Supplier : AUSTRALIA<br>RB (Hygiene Home) Australia Pty Ltd   |
| RB (Hygiene Home) Australia Pty Ltd   |
| ABN: 58 629 549 506<br>680 George St , Sydney, NSW 2000<br>Tel: +61 (0)2 9857 2000  |
| NEW ZEALAND<br>RB (Hygiene Home) New Zealand Limited<br>Company number: 7097753<br>2 Fred Thomas Drive, Takapuna<br>Auckland , New Zealand 0622<br>Tel: +64 9 484 1400                        |
| Poison Information contact: : Australia - 13 11 26<br>New Zealand - 0800 764 766 or 0800 POISON   |
| Material uses : Air care, instant action (aerosol sprays)   |

## Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

| Classification of the substance or mixture | : | FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1<br>GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas  |
|--|---|---|
| HSNO Classification                        | : | 2.1.1A  |
| GHS label elements                         |   |   |
| Hazard pictograms                          | : |   |
| Signal word                                | : | DANGER  |
| Hazard statements                          | 1 | Extremely flammable aerosol.<br>Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.   |
| Precautionary statements                   |   |   |
| General                                    | : | Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.  |
| Prevention                                 | : | Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.<br>No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce<br>or burn, even after use. |
| Response                                   | : | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  |
| Storage                                    | : | Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.   |
| Disposal                                   | : | Not applicable.   |
| Supplemental label elements                | 1 | Not applicable.   |
| Recommendations                            | : | People suffering from perfume sensitivity should be cautious when using this product. Air fresheners aerosol (aqueous, non aqueous, concentrated (mini-aerosol)) for consumer use                   |

**Date of issue** 

## Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

## Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

| Ingredient name                         | % (w/w)   | CAS number |
|---|-----------|------------|
| ethanol                                 | ≥30 - ≤60 | 64-17-5    |
| butane                                  | ≥30 - ≤60 | 106-97-8   |
| isobutane                               | ≥10 - ≤30 | 75-28-5    |
| propane                                 | ≥10 - ≤30 | 74-98-6    |
| Dipropylene glycol (isomer unspecified) | ≤3        | 25265-71-8 |

Other Non-hazardous ingredients to 100%

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

| Description of necessary first | aid measures   |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Eye contact                    | : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.   |
| Inhalation                     | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.<br>If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide<br>artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the<br>person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if<br>adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery<br>position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen<br>tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.   |
| Skin contact                   | : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.  |
| Ingestion                      | : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air<br>and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been<br>swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to<br>drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not<br>induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs,<br>the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical<br>attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by<br>mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get<br>medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such<br>as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| Most important symptoms/eff    |  |
| Potential acute health effects | -  |
| Eye contact                    | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  |
| Inhalation                     | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  |
| Skin contact                   | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  |
| Ingestion                      | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  |
| Over-exposure signs/sympto     | i <u>ms</u>  |
| Eye contact                    | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>irritation<br>redness   |

## Section 4. First aid measures

| Inhalation  | :           | Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>respiratory tract irritation<br>coughing   |
|---|-------------|---|
| Skin contact  | :           | No specific data.   |
| Ingestion   | 1           | No specific data.   |
| ndication of immediate med  | <u>dica</u> | l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary  |
|   |             | I attention and special treatment needed, if necessary<br>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large |
| Notes to physician  |             |   |
| ndication of immediate mee<br>Notes to physician<br>Specific treatments | :           | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large   |

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Extinguishing media                          |   |
|--|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media                 | : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.   |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media               | : None known.   |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical   | : Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.<br>In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with<br>the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas<br>or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire<br>or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products     | : Decomposition products may include the following materials:<br>carbon dioxide<br>carbon monoxide  |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.  |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | <ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained<br/>breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure<br/>mode.</li> </ul>   |

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| For non-emergency :<br>personnel                                    | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.<br>Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from<br>entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the<br>rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of<br>containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the<br>instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material.<br>Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid<br>breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator<br>when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |  |
| For emergency responders :  | If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".  |  |

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Environmental precautions    | : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).  |
|------------------------------|--|
| Methods and materials for co | ontainment and cleaning up   |
| Small spill                  | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.   |
| Large spill                  | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures  | : | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. |
|--|---|--|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene                             | : | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.  |
| Conditions for safe storage,<br>including any<br>incompatibilities | : | Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.  |
| Do not store above the following temperature                       | : | 50 °C  |

### Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

| Control parameters                  |
|-------------------------------------|
| <u>Australia</u>                    |
| <b>Occupational exposure limits</b> |

### Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

| Ingredient name                         | Exposure limits  |
|---|--|
| ethanol                                 | Safe Work Australia (Australia, 4/2018).                           |
|   | TWA: 1880 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.                               |
|   | TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.   |
| butane                                  | Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2014).                           |
|   | TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.                               |
|   | TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours.  |
| isobutane                               | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).                                 |
|   | STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.   |
| propane                                 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). Oxygen Depletion                |
|   | [Asphyxiant].  |
| Dipropylene glycol (isomer unspecified) | DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2017). Absorbed                    |
|   | through skin.  |
|   | PEAK: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: |
|   | inhalable fraction   |
|   | TWA: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction       |

#### New Zealand

| Occupational exposure limits : No exposure standard allocated. |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| Ingredient name  | Exposure limits  |  |
| ethanol  | NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2018).<br>WES-TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br>WES-TWA: 1880 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. |  |
| butane   | NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 2/2013).<br>WES-TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours.<br>WES-TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.   |  |
| Isobutane  | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).<br>STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.   |  |
| propane  | NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2017). Oxygen<br>Depletion [Asphyxiant].   |  |

| Appropriate engineering<br>controls | : Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Environmental exposure controls     | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure<br>they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some<br>cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process<br>equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.  |
| Individual protection measu         | <u>res</u>   |
| Hygiene measures                    | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.  |

Eye/face protection
 Safety showers are close to the workstation location.
 Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and

#### Skin protection

## Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

| Hand protection        | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should<br>be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates<br>this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer,<br>check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It<br>should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be<br>different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of<br>several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately<br>estimated. |
|------------------------|---|
| Body protection        | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task<br>being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist<br>before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity,<br>wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static<br>discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.   |
| Other skin protection  | : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.   |
| Respiratory protection | : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.  |

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| <u>Appearance</u>                            |                            |
|--|----------------------------|
| Physical state                               | : Liquid. [Aerosol.]       |
| Color  | : Colorless.               |
| Odor   | : Fragrant.                |
| Odor threshold                               | : Not available.           |
| рН   | Not available.             |
|  |                            |
| Melting point                                | : Not available.           |
| Boiling point                                | : <34°C (<93.2°F)          |
| Flash point                                  | : Closed cup: <0°C (<32°F) |
| Evaporation rate                             | : Not available.           |
| Flammability (solid, gas)                    | : Not available.           |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : Not available.           |
| Vapor pressure                               | : Not available.           |
| Vapor density                                | Not available.             |
| Relative density                             | : Not available.           |
| Solubility                                   | : Not available.           |
| Solubility in water                          | : Not available.           |
| Partition coefficient: n-<br>octanol/water   | : Not available.           |
| Auto-ignition temperature                    | : Not available.           |
| Decomposition temperature                    | : Not available.           |
| Viscosity                                    | : Not available.           |
| Flow time (ISO 2431)                         | : Not available.           |
| Aerosol product                              |                            |
| Type of aerosol                              | : Spray                    |
| Heat of combustion                           | : 37.97 kJ/g               |
|  |                            |

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity                         | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.           |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability                 | : The product is stable.   |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.                      |
| Conditions to avoid                | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).   |
| Incompatible materials             | : No specific data.  |
| Hazardous decomposition products   | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name   | Result  | Species           | Dose  | Exposure                |
|---|---|-------------------|---|-------------------------|
| ethanol   | LC50 Inhalation Vapor                                       | Rat<br>Rat        | 124700 mg/m <sup>3</sup><br>7 g/kg                                  | 4 hours                 |
| Butane<br>isobutane<br>Dipropylene glycol (isomer<br>unspecified) | LC50 Inhalation Vapor<br>LC50 Inhalation Vapor<br>LD50 Oral | Rat<br>Rat<br>Rat | 658000 mg/m <sup>3</sup><br>658000 mg/m <sup>3</sup><br>14850 mg/kg | 4 hours<br>4 hours<br>- |

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure                                 | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|--|-------------|
| ethanol                 | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 0.066666667<br>minutes 100<br>milligrams | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 milligrams                  | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 100<br>microliters                       | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 400<br>milligrams                        | -           |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 20<br>milligrams                | -           |

**Conclusion/Summary** Skin : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Eyes : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Respiratory : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. **Sensitization** Not available. **Conclusion/Summary** Skin : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Respiratory : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. **Mutagenicity** Not available. **Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. **Carcinogenicity** Date of issue : 29/09/2020

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

| Not available.   |   |
|--|---|
| Conclusion/Summary<br><u>Reproductive toxicity</u><br>Not available.   | : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.                             |
| Conclusion/Summary<br>Teratogenicity<br>Not available.   | : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.                             |
| Conclusion/Summary<br>Specific target organ toxicity<br>Not available.   | : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.<br><u>(single exposure)</u> |
| Specific target organ toxicity<br>Not available.   | <u>y (repeated exposure)</u>  |
| Aspiration hazard<br>Not available.  |   |
| Information on the likely routes of exposure   | : Not available.  |
| Potential acute health effects   |   |
| Eye contact  | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |
| Inhalation   | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |
| Skin contact   | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |
| Ingestion  | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |
| Our sector and the sector of the sector sect |   |
|  | sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics   |
| Eye contact  | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>irritation<br>redness                          |
| Inhalation   | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>respiratory tract irritation<br>coughing       |
| Skin contact   | : No specific data.   |
| Ingestion  | : No specific data.   |
| Delaved and immediate effect   | s and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure                                    |
| Short term exposure  |   |
| Potential immediate effects  | : Not available.  |
| Potential delayed effects  | : Not available.  |
| Long term exposure   |   |
| Potential immediate<br>effects   | : Not available.  |
| Potential delayed effects  | : Not available.  |
| Potential chronic health effe  | <u>cts</u>  |
| Not available.   |   |
| <b>Conclusion/Summary</b>  | : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.                             |
| General  | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |
| Carcinogenicity  | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |
| Restances to the   |   |
| Mutagenicity   | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Teratogenicity Developmental effects

- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result  | Species  | Exposure                         |
|-------------------------|---|--|----------------------------------|
| ethanol                 | Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water<br>Acute EC50 2000 µg/l Fresh water<br>Acute LC50 25500 µg/l Marine water | Algae - Ulva pertusa<br>Daphnia - Daphnia magna<br>Crustaceans - Artemia<br>franciscana - Larvae | 96 hours<br>48 hours<br>48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 11000000 μg/l Marine<br>water  | Fish - Alburnus alburnus   | 96 hours                         |
|                         | Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water<br>Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Fresh water                                     | Algae - Ulva pertusa<br>Daphnia - Daphnia magna -<br>Neonate                                     | 96 hours<br>21 days              |

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name                    | LogPow | BCF        | Potential |
|--|--------|------------|-----------|
| ethanol                                    | -0.35  | -          | low       |
| butane                                     | 2.89   | -          | low       |
| isobutane                                  | 2.8    | -          | low       |
| propane                                    | 1.09   | -          | low       |
| Dipropylene glycol (isomer<br>unspecified) | -0.462 | 0.3 to 4.6 | low       |

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

| Disposal methods | : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.<br>Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply<br>with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation<br>and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-<br>recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be<br>disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of<br>all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or<br>landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and<br>its entainer must be disposed of in a article way. |
|------------------|--|
|                  | landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.  |

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## Section 14. Transport information

|                               | -        |          |          |                     |
|-------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|---------------------|
|                               | ADG      | ADR/RID  | IMDG     | ΙΑΤΑ                |
| UN number                     | UN1950   | UN1950   | UN1950   | UN1950              |
| UN proper<br>shipping name    | AEROSOLS | AEROSOLS | AEROSOLS | Aerosols, flammable |
| Transport hazard<br>class(es) | 2.1      | 2        | 2.1      | 2.1                 |
| Packing group                 |          |          |          | III                 |
| Environmental<br>hazards      | No.      | No.      | No.      | No.                 |

#### **Additional information**

|   | <b>Special provisions</b> 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381   |
|---|---|
| : | <u>Limited quantity</u> 1 L<br><u>Special provisions</u> 190, 327, 625, 344<br><u>Tunnel code</u> (D)   |
| : | Emergency schedules F-D, S-U<br>Special provisions 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959   |
| : | Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 75 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Cargo Aircraft Only: 150 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y203. Special provisions A145, A167, A802 |
| : | <b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.   |
|   |   |

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

| Standard for the Uniform Sch               | ed  | luling of Medicines and Poisons        |
|--|-----|--|
| Not scheduled                              |     |  |
| Model Work Health and Safety               | / F | Regulations - Scheduled Substances     |
| No listed substance                        |     |  |
| Australia inventory (AICS)                 | ÷   | All components are listed or exempted. |
| New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) | :   | All components are listed or exempted. |
| HSNO Group Standard                        | ;   | Aerosols (Flammable)                   |
| HSNO Approval Number                       | :   | HSR002515                              |
| Approved Handler<br>Requirement            | 1   | No.                                    |
| Tracking Requirement                       | :   | No.                                    |

### Section 16. Any other relevant information

| Key to abbreviations                        | : | ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods<br>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate<br>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor<br>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals<br>IATA = International Air Transport Association<br>IBC = Internediate Bulk Container<br>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods<br>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient<br>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,<br>1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)<br>NOHSC = National Occupational Health and Safety Commission<br>SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons<br>UN = United Nations |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Date of issue / Date of revision            | : | 29/09/2020   |  |  |
| Version                                     | : | 5.0L   |  |  |
| Procedure used to derive the classification |   |  |  |  |

| Classification | Justification                                  |
|----------------|--|
| 3,             | On basis of test data<br>On basis of test data |

References

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.